### Discussion with EPP2010

Pier Oddone January 23, 2005

## Various possible topics

- How to capture the ILC: do we maximize the integral probability or the probability of the "golden moment"?
- Fermilab neutrino program in the international context
- Transition at Fermilab: focus, alignment, national involvement, internationalism
- Character of Fermilab in the era of ILC
- WHAT IF: no ILC
- Any topics of interest to the committee

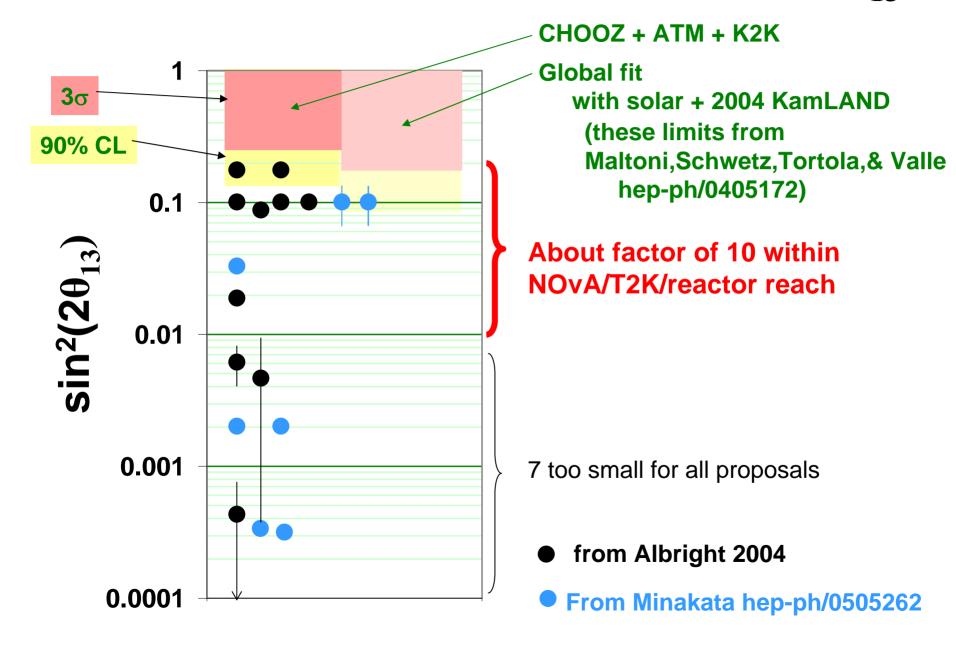
## Topic II

Fermilab neutrino program in the international context

## Accelerator neutrino program

- Gateway parameter  $\sin^2 2\theta_{13}$
- Reactors measure only this parameter
- Accelerator program is richer: measurement of  $\sin^2 2\theta_{13}$ , Mass hierarchy, CP  $\delta$ ,  $\Delta m^2_{32}$ ,  $\sin^2 2\theta_{23}$
- Two main players in the near future: JPARC/T2K, MI/NOVA together with reach into all these parameters

## Theory Model Predictions for $\sin^2(2\theta_{13})$



# A global program

- Reactor experiment: get sin<sup>2</sup>2θ<sub>13</sub> and stop
- T2K: detector built, accelerator under construction – no reach into the mass hierarchy in the initial phase
- NOVA: accelerator is built but the simple part, the detector, is missing! Reach into the mass hierarchy

## Will distinguish following phases:

#### Initial

- NOVA at 30 ktons; MI at 0.7MW
- T2K with SK and JPARC at 0.7-1.3MW

#### Intermediate

- NOVA with 20 ktons more; MI at 1.1 MW; 1.3 times running time (equivalent to NOVA at 30 ktons with proton driver at 2.4 MW and 1.0 running time)
- T2K at 4MW but no Hyper-detectors

#### Final

 Intermediate stage as above, with Hyper K (Kamioka) or Hyper KK (Kamioka+Korea)

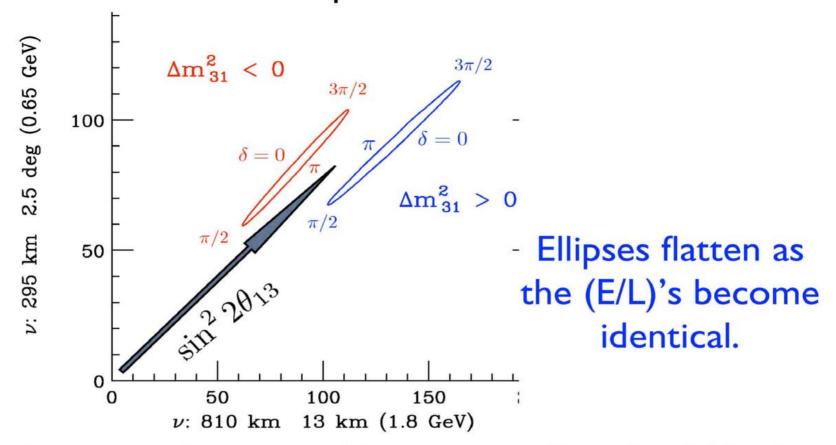
# Combined approach

 Illustrate the program by using SK as the "near" detector and NOVA as the "far" detector in a combined program

Use 5 year neutrino running

Distinguish the three phases: initial, intermediate and final

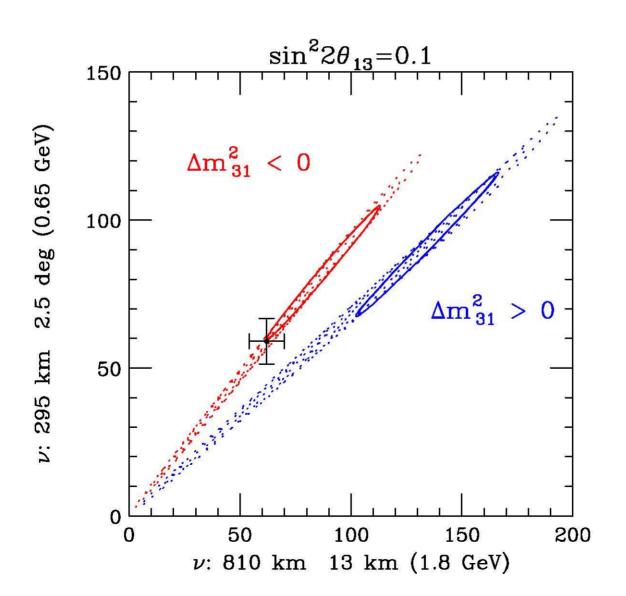
### Neutrino-Neutrino Comparison:



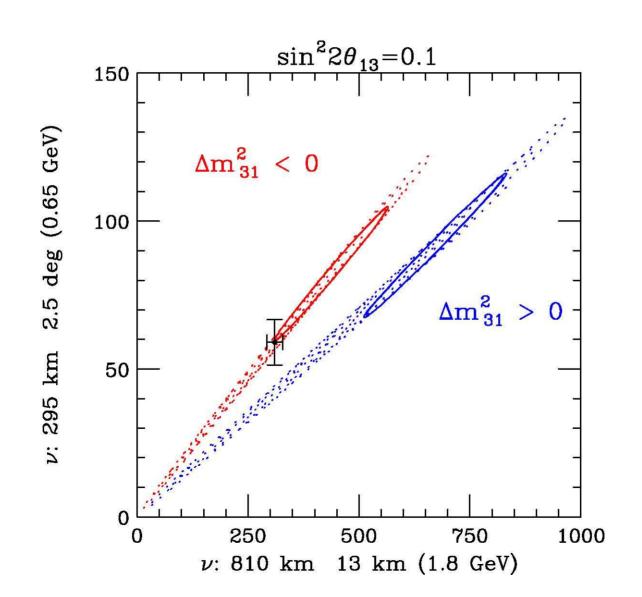
Horiz. separation caused by matter effect for NOvA, the smaller Vert. separation by matter effect for T2K.

It is IMPORTANT that the matter effects are significantly different for the two experiments.

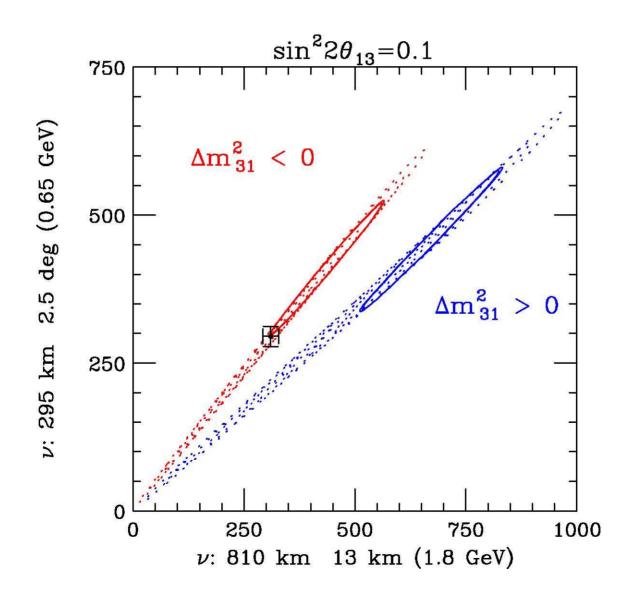
### EVENTS T2K (initial) vs. NOVA (initial)



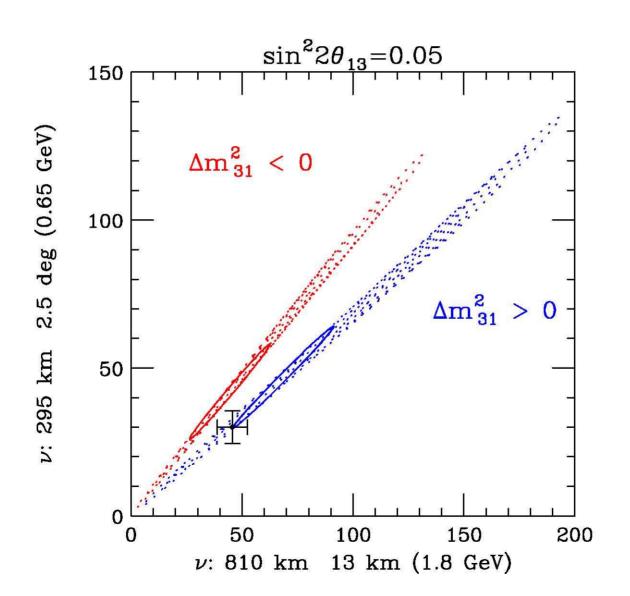
### EVENTS T2K (initial) vs. NOVA (intermediate)



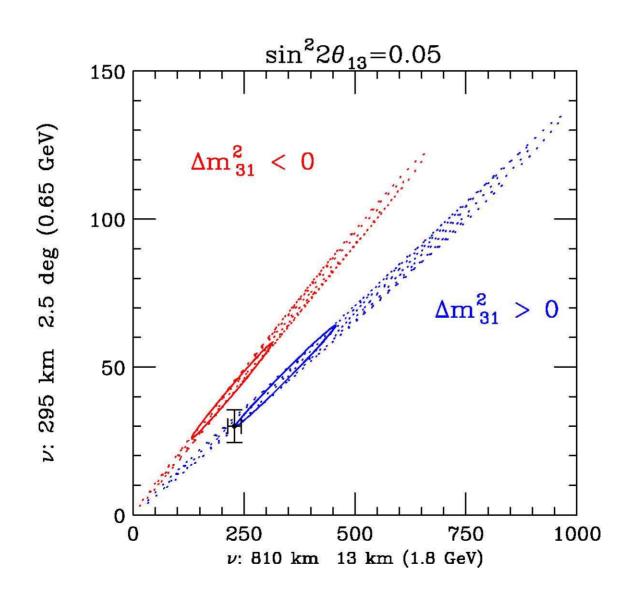
#### EVENTS: T2K (intermediate) vs. NOVA (intermediate)



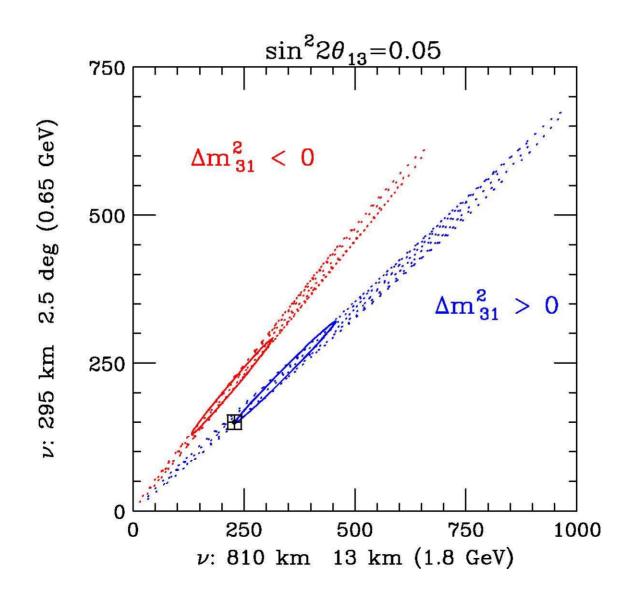
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#### EVENTS T2K (initial) vs. NOVA (intermediate)



#### EVENTS: T2K (intermediate) vs. NOVA (intermediate)



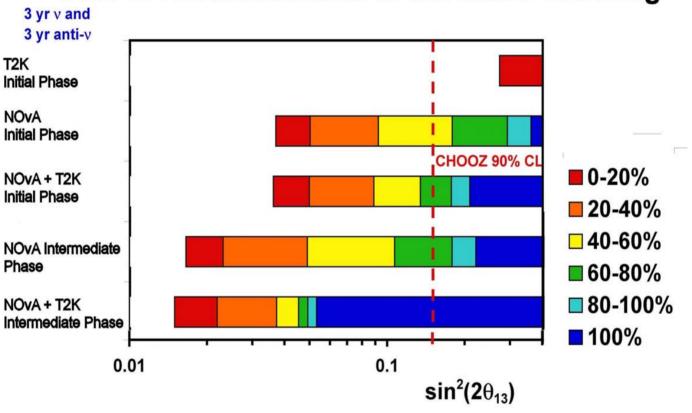
## Mass Hierarchy Reach 2010-2020

#### 95 % CL Determination

$\sin^2\!\theta_{13}$	Initial Phase NOVA + 2TK	Intermediate Phase NOVA + T2K
0.12	70%	100%
0.09	40%	100%
0.05	30%	80%
0.03	0%	30%

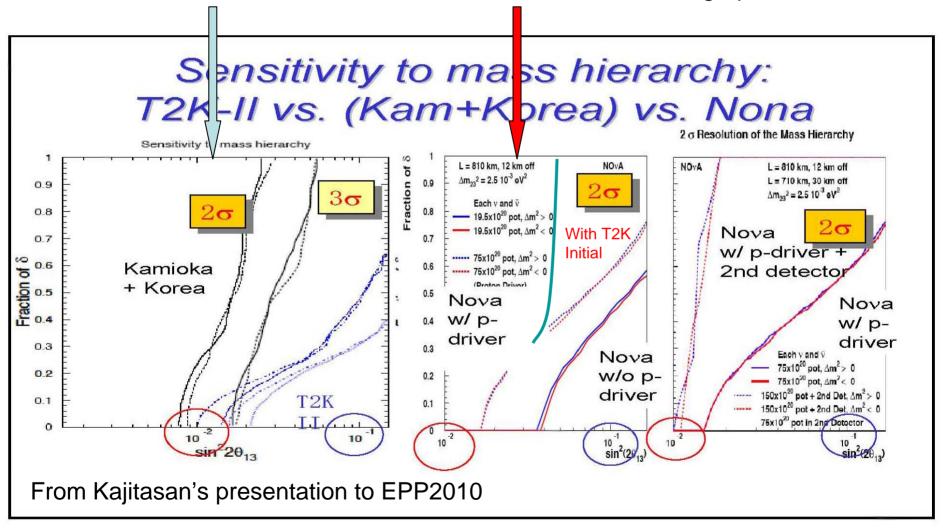
### Reach in parameters possible 2010-2020

#### 95% CL Determination of the Mass Ordering



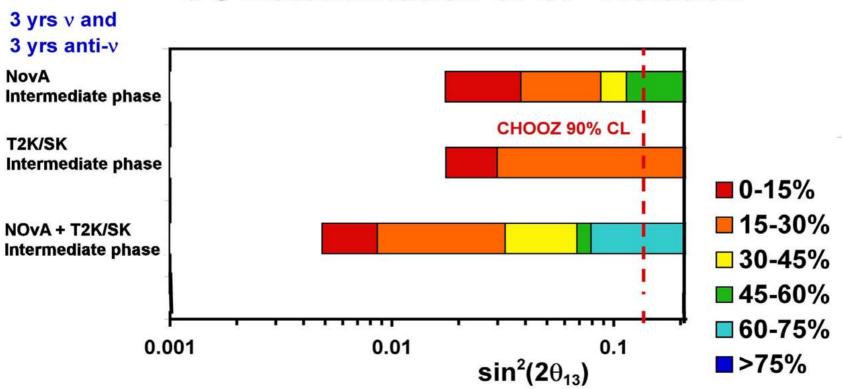
### Comparisons 2010-20, 2020-30

The T2K/NOVA intermediate combination is very important And can be done much earlier as shown in middle graph



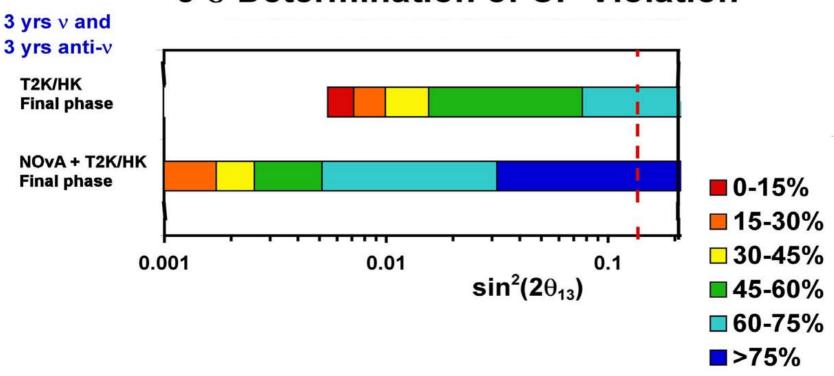
### CP Reach 2010 - 2020

#### **3** σ Determination of CP Violation



## CP Reach final phase 2020-2030

#### **3** σ Determination of CP Violation



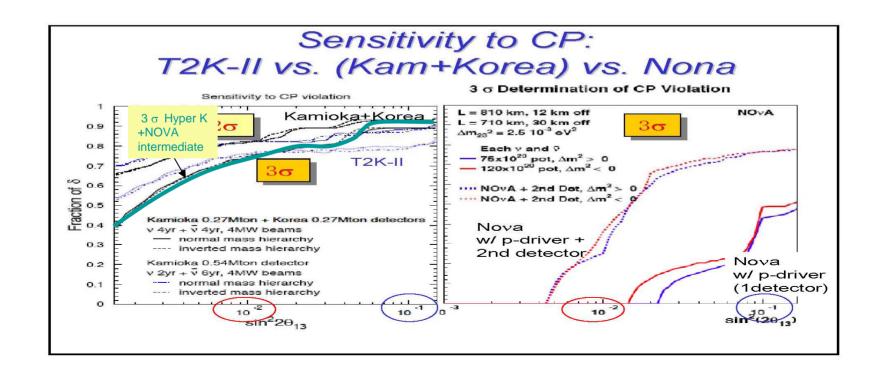
### CP Reach 2010 – 2020 and 2020 -2030

Three years of neutrino and three years of antineutrino running

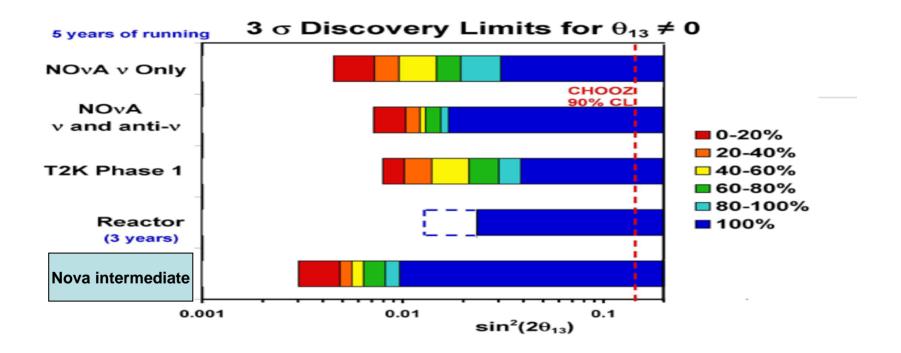
$\sin^2\!\theta_{13}$	Intermediate Phase NOvA + T2K	Final Phase NOvA + HK
.12	65%	> 75%
0.09	60%	> 75%
0.06	40%	> 75%
0.03	30%	> 75%
0.01	15%	> 65%

## CP reach 2020-30

- Enhanced CP reach with Hyper detectors
- Not much difference between Hyper K and Hyper KK if the mass hierarchy resolved



## What if the angle is two small?



Then we will need all the power we can get to push the limit

### Conclusion

- NOVA greatly enhances the exploration of neutrino parameters in the era 2010-2020
- To the extend that the Mass Hierarchy is resolved, it allows a much enhanced CP reach for Hyper K in 2020-2030
- The additional reach of Hyper KK relative to NOVA + Hyper K in the mass hierarchy is small (0.03 compared to 0.01 in  $\sin^2 2\theta_{13}$ ).

## Topic I

How to capture the ILC: do we maximize the integral probability or the probability of the "golden moment"?

# **ILC Strategy**

 The opportunities at the energy frontier are by far the greatest. Priority of LHC/ILC.

 If the US has no facility at the energy frontier: a much diminished program.

 Therefore, successful bid to host ILC in the US is only second in priority to LHC success.

# The golden moment: 2010

- End of the Tevatron and B-factory
- Major redirection is possible
- Strong support from the agency under specified conditions: LHC success, ILC affordable and technically feasible
- Strong support in all regions for an ILC somewhere. Global Design Effort.

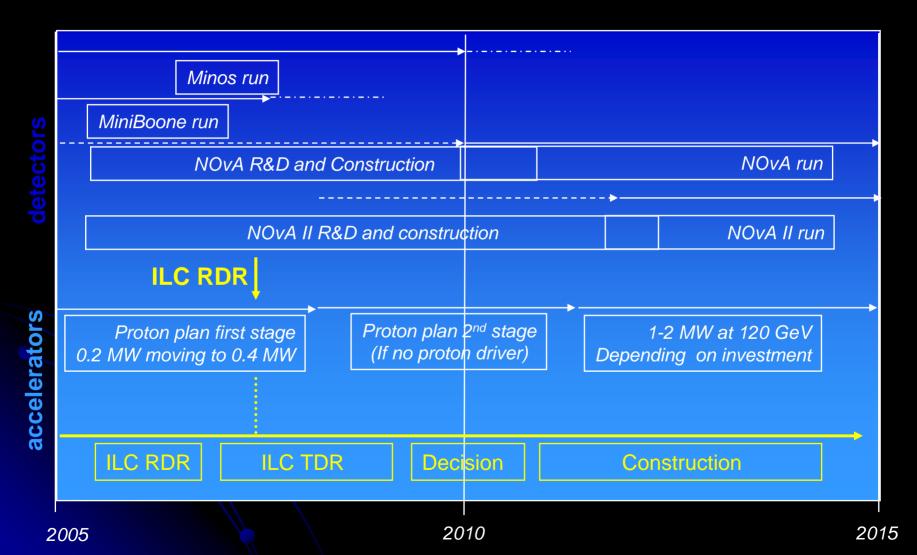
### Risk

- If we do not move forcefully on ILC R&D, then we risk missing "the golden moment".
- But, many additional things have to line up for this "golden moment" to be real: risk is multiplied enormously if we only plan for this time frame.
- A strategy that maximizes the overall probability is more desirable, provided the first bullet is satisfied.

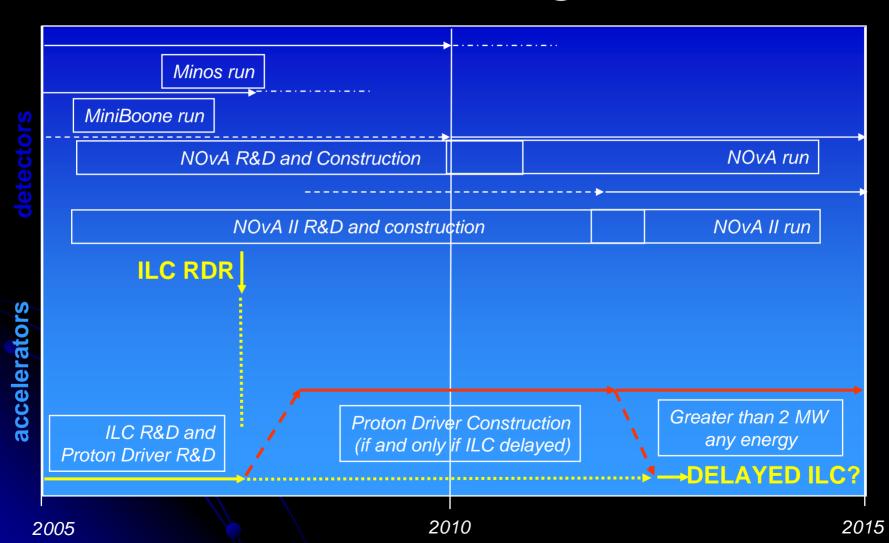
# Protecting the flanks

- 1) ILC delay at the end of the decade: we need strong base of accelerator expertise. Neutrino program + R&D.
- 2) Cost is too high (RDR end of 2006): back to the drawing board. Need a vehicle for cheaper and more predictable cost. SCRF Proton Driver.
- 3) If a system's demonstration is necessary (few % of ILC level): keep proton driver as option.

## The world we work for



# The world we might be in:



## Managing risk: what ifs

- 1) If not enough resources for ILC R&D, do not develop neutrino program.
- 2) In FY2007, if the RDR cost OK, and strong agency support for ILC, all resources headroom goes to ILC (proton driver R&D is put on life support)
- 3) If a system's demonstration is necessary before construction (few % of ILC level): evaluate proton driver against other options.

### Conclusion

 Our first line of attack is to seek the modest resources necessary to "armor" our strategy.
The ILC is likely to be a LONG struggle.

 Only if we fail in that, do we shed further programs to maintain the ILC R&D line alive.

 It is important to determine early if a system demonstration facility is needed.

## Topic III

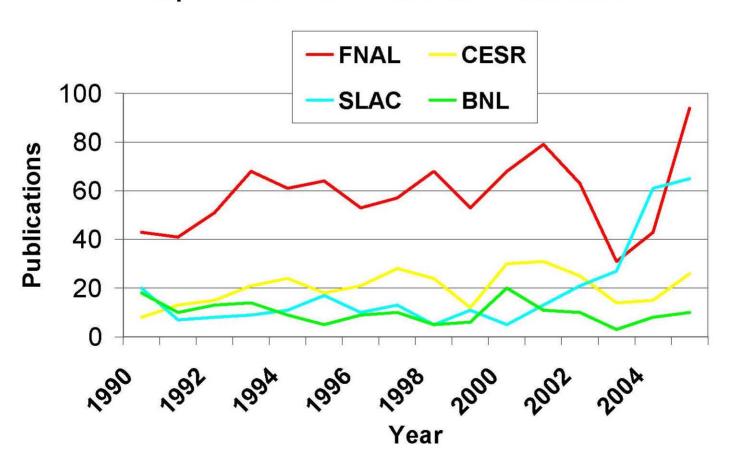
Transition at Fermilab: focus, alignment, national involvement, internationalism

### **Focus**

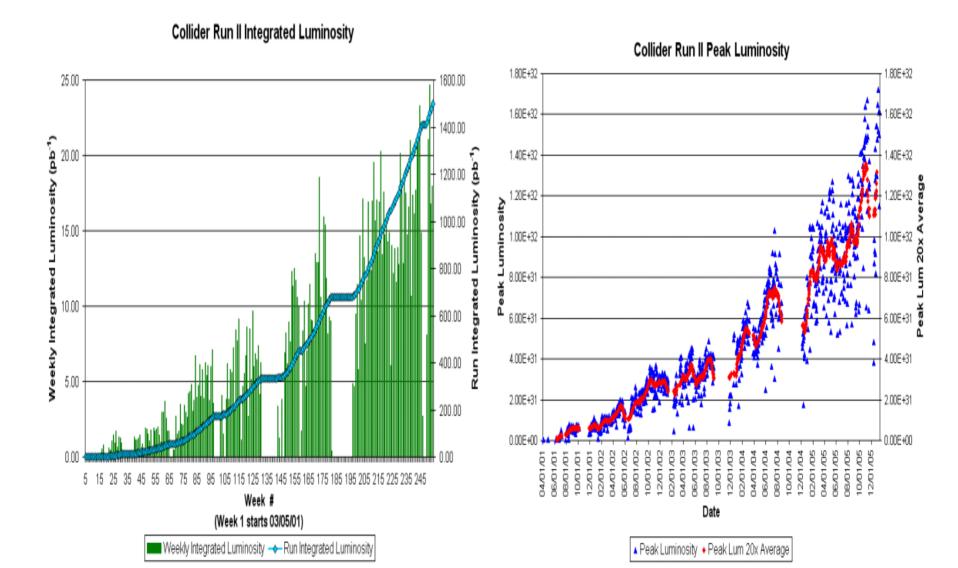
- The laboratory has been and is strongly focused on the Tevatron
- Boundary condition: greatest discovery potential anywhere in the world in the next three years. Do it well or not at all.
- This affects the timing for moving intellectual resources to ILC.
- We have moved some resources, but major move at the end of 2006 when Tevatron upgrades are finished

# The physics engines

#### **Experimental HEP Publications 1990-2005**



### Tevatron performance



### Focus: the Tevatron

- Seven accelerators (or eight with e-cooling)
- Enormous premium on reliability. Roughly 200,000 controllable devices
- Two years training before operators "solo". Great potential for harm to accelerator components and detectors.
- Fantastic on-the-job training for accelerator physicists. Integral team: physicists, engineers, techs, operators.

## Alignment with ILC

 1% of resources and scientists in FY04 to 10% of total resources and scientists in FY06.

Need to strengthen specific areas: SCRF expertise

 Intellectual ownership of the machine not there yet: it is well recognized problem and high priority for the lab to remedy.

### National involvement

- Must not only build strength at Fermilab as the hub, but must preserve strength/interest at other laboratories. We'll need strong support from other labs that build/run accelerators
- We are planning and working together
- We will exchange personnel initially, and we will do the necessary strategic hires at Fermilab over a longer period of time.

### Internationalism

- Detectors: great already.
- Accelerators: very little. Only major contribution from the US is 3% of LHC.

No investment from abroad in US accelerators.

 ILC is breaking new ground. Everyone on board at this time. Will it remain so after site selection?

### Internationalism

 Follow the ILC model for major other components of a world accelerator program: e.g. neutrino factory

 Program coordination in other areas to avoid unessesary duplication.